

## Year 7 KO6: Medieval Migration

Key terms	Definitions
Migration	Movement from one place to another.
Migrant	A person who moves from one place to another, especially in order to find work or better living conditions.
Immigration	The action of coming to live permanently in a foreign country.
Royal authority	The monarch using their power and position.
Vikings	Any of the Scandinavian seafaring pirates and traders who raided and settled in many parts of north-western Europe in the 8th–11th centuries.
Great Heathen Army	A group of Scandinavian warriors who invaded England in AD 865.
King Cnut	widely considered the most successful Viking invader as he ruled from 1016-1035, with his son taking the throne afterwards.
Cultural assimilation	This is the process of two or more cultures combining to create one unique way of life.
Normans	People of mixed German and Scandinavian origin who settled in Normandy from about AD 912 and became a dominant military power in western Europe.
Prosperous	Successful in material terms; especially in terms of money.
Flemish Immigrants	People that moved from Belgium.
Expulsion	Forcing someone to leave.
Anti-Semitism	Hostility or discrimination towards Jewish people.

### Key questions:

- Where did people migrate from?
- Why did people migrate to England in the Medieval period?
- How assimilated were migrants in Medieval England?
- What impact did Viking migration have on England?
- What impact did Norman migration have on England?
- How were Jewish migrants treated in England?
- How prosperous were migrants in England?

### Things you need to know:

- There were 3 main causes of Medieval migration into England. These were: trade, religion and due to changes in royal authority.
- Vikings invaded from 865 onwards. The most successful of these was King Cnut who ruled England from 1016-1035.
- There are common words in the English language which originate from Vikings such as club, ransack, muck, snub, dollop and glove.
- Norman French became the main language used in court and government. The words justice, prison, constable, agreement, fine, court, debt and evidence are all words introduced by the Normans.
- Around 5,000 Jewish Migrants moved to England after the Norman conquest, however they were frequently attacked.
- Prosperous migrants came from Belgium and Italy.

